



ORDINANCE NO. D 18-02 #2

CREDIT ACCESS BUSINESSES REGULATION

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF NOLANVILLE SETTING FORTH REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS AND CREDIT EXTENSION GUIDELINES FOR CREDIT ACCESS BUSINESSES, PROVIDING FOR FINDINGS OF FACT, ENACTMENT, REPEALER, SEVERABILITY, PUBLICATION, EFFECTIVE DATE, PROVIDING A PENALTY FOR FAILING TO COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE, AND FINDING PROPER NOTICE AND MEETING.

WHEREAS, certain credit access businesses engage in abusive and predatory lending practices, offering easy money to those members of our community who are having financial difficulties and are faced with onerous terms and fees; and

WHEREAS, the practices of certain credit access businesses cause members of our community to become trapped in a cycle of short term, high interest loans resulting in large debt and unreasonable payments; and

WHEREAS, the Pew Charitable Trusts, in their publication entitled *Payday Lending in America: Who Borrows, Where they Borrow, and Why*, (July 2012), reported that payday loans are sold as two-week credit products that provide fast cash, but borrowers are actually indebted for an average of five months per year. It was further noted that, on average, a borrower takes out eight loans of \$375 each per year and spends \$520 on interest; and

WHEREAS, the Pew Charitable Trusts, in their publication entitled *Payday Lending in America: Who Borrows, Where they Borrow, and Why*, (July 2012), also noted: "How much borrowers spend on loans depends heavily on the fees permitted by their state. The same \$500 storefront loan would generally cost about \$55 in Florida, \$75 in Nebraska, \$87.50 in Alabama, and \$100 in Texas, even if it were provided by the same national company in all those

states. Previous research has found that lenders tend to charge the maximum permitted in a state;” and

WHEREAS, the Pew Charitable Trusts, in their publication entitled *Payday Lending in America: Who Borrows, Where they Borrow, and Why*, (July 2012), also stated that, “the vast majority of borrowers use the loans on a long-term basis, not a temporary one. Thus, it is believed that the payday loan industry is selling a product that few people use as designed and that imposes debt that is consistently more costly and longer lasting than advertised;” and

WHEREAS, the Community Financial Services Association of America (CFSA), the national trade association for companies that offer small dollar, short-term loans or payday advances includes the following in the “Member Best Practices” as listed on its internet site (<http://cfsaa.com/cfsa-member-best-practices.aspx>): “Members shall not allow customers to rollover a payday advance (the extension of an outstanding advance by payment of only a fee) unless expressly authorized by state law, but in such cases where authorized will limit rollovers to four or the state limit, whichever is less.” The need for consumer understanding was also outlined on this website: “A contract between a member and the customer must fully outline the terms of the payday advance transaction. Members agree to disclose the cost of the service fee both as a dollar amount and as an annual percentage rate (“APR”);” and

WHEREAS, the Center for Responsible Lending, a non-profit, non-partisan organization, has stated that car title loans are based on the value of a borrower’s car - the ability to repay the loans is not factor in the lending decision, that loan rates for a car title are typically 20-30 times that of rates charged by credit card issuers, that the average car title customer renews their loan 8 times, and that on a \$500 title loan, this average customer will pay back \$650 in interest over eight months; the principal borrowed will be in addition; and

WHEREAS, lenders retain the motor vehicle title and when borrowers cannot continue to pay the fees, their vehicles are regularly repossessed by the lender, which can drastically affect their means of transportation for work and other essential household functions.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF NOLANVILLE:

1. FINDINGS OF FACT

The foregoing recitals are incorporated into this Ordinance by reference as findings of fact as if expressly set forth herein.

2. ENACTMENT

The “Credit Access Businesses Regulation” appended hereto as *Attachment “A”* is incorporated into this Ordinance for all intents and purposes and enacted.

3. REPEALER

All ordinances, or parts thereof, that are in conflict or inconsistent with any provision of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict, and the provisions of this Ordinance shall be and remain controlling as to the matters regulated herein.

4. SEVERABILITY

Should any section, part, paragraph, sentence, phrase, clause, or word of this ordinance, for any reason be held illegal, inoperative, or invalid, or if any exception to or limitation upon any general provision herein contained be held to be unconstitutional or invalid or ineffective, the remainder shall, nevertheless, stand effective and valid as if it had been enacted and ordained without the portion held to be illegal, inoperative, unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective.

5. PUBLICATION

The caption or title and the penalties under this Ordinance shall be published one (1) time in the official newspaper(s) of the City of Nolanville, as required under Sec. 3.11(C) of the City Charter.

6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall be effective immediately upon passage and publication of its caption, including the penalties for violations, in the City's official designated newspaper.

7. PROPER NOTICE & MEETING

It is hereby officially found and determined that the meeting at which this Ordinance was passed was open to the public, and that public notice of the time, place and purpose of said meeting was given as required by the Open Meetings Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 551.

CITY OF NOLANVILLE:



George French III, Mayor Pro-tem

ATTEST:



Crystal Briggs, City Secretary



Attachment "A"

ORDINANCE NO. D 18-02 #2 CREDIT ACCESS BUSINESSES REGULATION

Sec. 01.010- Short Title and Purpose.

- (a) This Ordinance shall be known and cited as "Credit Access Businesses Regulation."
- (b) The purpose of this Ordinance is to protect the welfare of the citizens of the City of Nolanville by monitoring credit access businesses to reduce abusive and predatory lending practices. To this end, this Ordinance establishes a registration program for credit access businesses, imposes restrictions on extensions of consumer credit made by credit access businesses, and imposes recordkeeping requirements on credit access businesses.

Sec. 01.020- Definitions.

As used in this Ordinance:

- (1) CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION means a certificate of registration issued by the Director under this Ordinance to the owner or operator of a credit access business.
- (2) CONSUMER means an individual who is solicited to purchase or who purchases the services of a credit access business.
- (3) CONSUMER'S LANGUAGE OF PREFERENCE is the language the consumer understands best.
- (4) CREDIT ACCESS BUSINESS has the meaning given that term in Section 393.601 of the Texas Finance Code.
- (5) DEFERRED PRESENTMENT TRANSACTION has the meaning given that term in Section 393.601 of the Texas Finance Code.
- (6) DIRECTOR means the director of the department designated by the City Manager, or designee, to enforce and administer this Ordinance.
- (7) EXTENSION OF CONSUMER CREDIT has the meaning given that term in Section 393.001 of the Texas Finance Code.

(8) MOTOR VEHICLE TITLE LOAN has the meaning given that term in Section 393.601 of the Texas Finance Code.

(9) PERSON means any individual, corporation, organization, partnership, association, financial institution, or any other legal entity.

(10) REGISTRANT means a person issued a certificate of registration for a credit access business under this Ordinance and includes all owners and operators of the credit access business identified in the registration application filed under this Ordinance.

(11) STATE LICENSE means a license to operate a credit access business issued by the Texas Consumer Credit Commissioner under Chapter 393, Subchapter G of the Texas Finance Code.

Sec. 01.030- Violations; Penalty

(a) A person who violates a provision of this Ordinance, or who fails to perform an act required of the person by this Ordinance, commits an offense. A person commits a separate offense for each and every violation relating to an extension of consumer credit, and for each day during which a violation is committed, permitted, or continued.

(b) An offense under this Ordinance is punishable by a fine of not more than \$500.

(c) A culpable mental state is not required for the commission of an offense under this Ordinance and need not be proved.

(d) The penalties provided for in Subsection (b) hereof are in addition to any other remedies that the city may have under city ordinances, state or federal law.

Sec. 01.040- Defenses

It is a defense to prosecution under this Ordinance that at the time of the alleged offense the person was not required to be licensed by the state as a credit access business under Chapter 393, Subchapter G, of the Texas Finance Code.

Sec. 01.050- Registration Required

A person commits an offense if the person acts, operates, or conducts businesses as a credit access business without a valid certificate of registration. A certificate of registration is required for each physically separate credit access business.

Sec. 01.060- Registration Application

(a) To obtain a certificate of registration for a credit access business, a person must submit an application on a form provided for that purpose to the City of Nolanville. The application must contain the following:

- (1) The name, street address, mailing address, facsimile number, E-mail address, and telephone number of the applicant.
- (2) The business or trade name, street address, mailing address, facsimile number, web site address, and telephone number of the credit access business.
- (3) The names, street addresses, mailing addresses, E-mail addresses, and telephone numbers of all owners of the credit access business, and the nature and extent of each person's interest in the credit access business.
- (4) A copy of a current, valid state license held by the credit access business pursuant to Chapter 393, Subchapter G of the Texas Finance Code.
- (5) A copy of a current, valid certificate of occupancy showing that the credit access business is in compliance with the City of Nolanville Code.
- (6) A non-refundable application fee for the amount established.

(b) An applicant or registrant shall notify the director within 45 days after any material change in the information contained in the application for a certificate of registration, including, but not limited to, any change of address and any change in the status of the state license held by the applicant or registrant.

Sec. 01.070- Issuance and Display of Certificate of Registration; Presentment upon Request.

(a) The director shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration upon receiving a completed application under Section 01.060

(b) A certificate of registration issued under this section must be conspicuously displayed to the public in the credit access business. The certificate of registration must be presented upon request to the director or any peace officer for examination.

Sec. 01.080- Expiration and Renewal of Certificate of Registration.

(a) A certificate of registration expires on the earliest of:

(1) One year after the date of issuance; or

(2) The date of revocation, suspension, surrender, expiration without renewal, or other termination of the registrant's state license.

(b) A certificate of registration may be renewed by making application in accordance with Section 01.060. A registrant shall apply for renewal at least 30 days before the expiration of the registration.

Sec. 01.090- Non-transferability.

A certificate of registration for a credit access business is not transferable.

Sec. 01.100- Maintenance of Records.

(a) A credit access business shall maintain a complete set of records of all extensions of consumer credit arranged or obtained by the credit access business, which must include the following information:

(1) The name and address of the consumer.

(2) The principal amount of cash actually advanced.

(3) The length of the extension of consumer credit, including the number of installments and renewals.

(4) The fees charged by the credit access business to arrange or obtain an extension of consumer credit; and

(5) The documentation used to establish a consumer's income under Section 01.110 of this ordinance.

(b) A credit access business shall maintain a copy of each written agreement between the credit access business and a consumer evidencing an extension of a consumer credit (including, but not limited to, any refinancing or renewal granted to the consumer).

(c) A credit access business shall maintain copies of all quarterly reports filed with the Texas Consumer Credit Commissioner under Section 393.627 of the Texas Finance Code.

(d) The records required to be maintained by a credit access business under this section must be retained for at least three years and made available for inspection by the city upon request during the usual and customary business hours of the credit access business.

Sec. 01.110- Restriction on Extension of Consumer Credit.

(a) The funds advanced under an extension of consumer credit that a credit access business obtains for a consumer or assists a consumer in obtaining in the form of a deferred presentment transaction may not exceed 20 percent of the consumer's gross monthly income.

(b) The funds advanced under an extension of consumer credit that a credit access business obtains for a consumer or assists a consumer in obtaining in the form of a motor vehicle title loan may not exceed the lesser of:

(1) Three percent of the consumer's gross annual income; or

(2) 70 percent of the retail value of the motor vehicle.

(c) A credit access business shall use a paycheck or other appropriate documentation establishing income to determine a consumer's income.

(d) An extension of consumer credit that a credit access business obtains for a consumer or assists a consumer in obtaining and that provides for repayment in installments may not be payable in more than four installments. Proceeds from each installment must be used to repay at least 25 percent of the principal amount of the extension of consumer credit. An extension of consumer credit that provides for repayment in installments may not be refinanced or renewed.

(e) An extension of consumer credit that a credit access business obtains for a consumer or assists a consumer in obtaining and that provides for a single lump sum repayment may not be refinanced or renewed more than three times. Proceeds from each refinancing or renewal must be used to repay at least 25 percent of the principal amount of the original extension of consumer credit.

(f) For purposes of this section, an extension of consumer credit that is made to a consumer within seven days after a previous extension of consumer credit has been paid by the consumer will constitute a refinancing or renewal.

Sec. 01.120- Requirement of Consumer Understanding of Agreement.

(a) Every agreement between the credit access business and a consumer evidencing an extension of consumer credit (including, but not limited to, any refinancing or renewal granted to the consumer), must be written in the consumer's language of preference. Every credit access business location must maintain on its premises, to be available for use by consumers, agreements in the English and Spanish languages.

(b) For every consumer who cannot read, every agreement between the credit access business and a consumer evidencing an extension of consumer credit (including, but not limited to, any refinancing or renewal granted to the consumer) must be read to the consumer in its entirety in the consumer's language of preference, prior to the consumer's signature.

(c) For every consumer who cannot read, every disclosure and notice required by law must be read to the consumers in its entirety in the consumer's language of preference, prior to the consumer's signature.

Sec. 01.130- Referral to Consumer Credit Counseling.

A credit access business shall provide a form, to be prescribed by the Director, to each consumer seeking assistance in obtaining an extension of consumer credit which references non-profit agencies that provide financial education and training programs and agencies with cash assistance programs. The form will also contain information regarding extensions of consumer credit, and must include the information required by 01.100(a)(1)-(5) of this ordinance specific to the loan agreement with the consumer. If the Director has prescribed a form in the consumer's language of preference, the form must be provided in the consumer's language of preference.